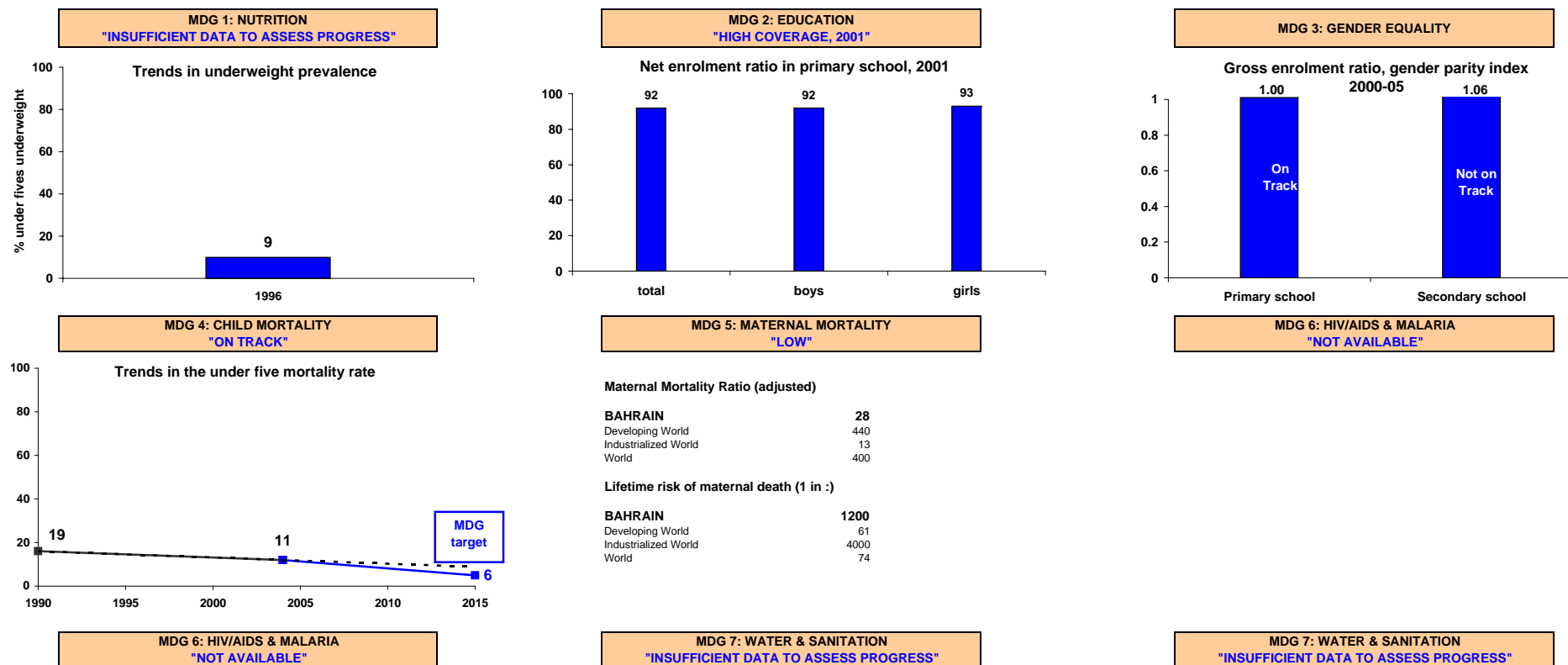


BAHRAIN

PROGRESS TOWARD THE MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS



(See pages 2 & 3 for specific data sources)

BAHRAIN

PROGRESS TOWARD THE MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS

GOAL	TARGET	MEASURE OF TARGET	MEASURE OF TARGET					SUMMARY	SOURCES	
			1990	2004	Target 2015	Actual AARC*	Required AARC*			
MDG 1	NUTRITION	Halve between 1990 and 2015 the proportion of people who suffer from hunger	% children under five who are underweight	NA	9 (1995)	NA	NA	2.8%	INSUFFICIENT DATA TO ASSESS PROGRESS	Bahrain Family Health Survey 1995; UNICEF Progress for Children May 2006
MDG 2	EDUCATION	Ensure that by 2015 children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling	Net enrolment ratio in primary school (total)**	92.2 (2001)	93.8 (2005)	100	0.38%	0.55%	HIGH COVERAGE, 2001	UNICEF Progress for Children April 2005
			Net enrolment ratio in primary school (boys)**	91.9 (2001)	91.5 (2005)	100	-0.10%	0.58%		UNICEF Progress for Children April 2005
			Net enrolment ratio in primary school (girls)**	92.6 (2001)	95.9 (2005)	100	0.81%	0.53%		UNICEF Progress for Children April 2005
MDG 3	GENDER EQUALITY	Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels by 2015	Gross enrolment ratio in primary school, gender parity index	NA	1.00 (2000-05)	1.00	NA	NA	ON TRACK (On track = GPI is between 0.96 and 1.04 inclusive)	UNESCO estimates available in SOWC2007 (forthcoming)
			Gross enrolment ratio in secondary school, gender parity index	NA	1.06 (2000-05)	1.00	NA	NA	NOT ON TRACK	UNESCO estimates available in SOWC2007 (forthcoming)
MDG 4	CHILD MORTALITY	Reduce by two-thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under five mortality rate	Under five mortality rate	19	11	6	NA	5.1%	ON TRACK	UNICEF/WHO/World Bank/ UNPD joint estimates
			BAHRAIN	DEVELOPING WORLD	INDUSTRIALIZED WORLD	WORLD				
MDG 5	MATERNAL MORTALITY	Reduce by three-quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio	Maternal mortality ratio:	28 (2000)	440 (2000)	13 (2000)	400 (2000)		LOW (Latest estimate < 100)	UNICEF/WHO/UNFPA adjusted estimates of maternal mortality in "Maternal Mortality in 2000: Estimates Developed by WHO/UNICEF/UNFPA"
			Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in :)	1200 (2000)	61 (2000)	4000 (2000)	74 (2000)		LOW	UNICEF/WHO/UNFPA adjusted estimates of maternal mortality in "Maternal Mortality in 2000: Estimates Developed by WHO/UNICEF/UNFPA"
			MEASURE OF TARGET	1990	2004	Target 2015	Actual AARC*	Required AARC*		
MDG 6	HIV/AIDS & MALARIA	Have halted and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS	HIV prevalence rate among young pregnant women aged 15-24 years (in capital city)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		Ministry of Health
			Have halted and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases	Incidence estimates not available (see page 3 for key malaria indicators for MDG monitoring)						
MDG 7	WATER & SANITATION	Halve by 2015 the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation	% population using improved drinking water sources	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	INSUFFICIENT DATA TO ASSESS PROGRESS	UNICEF/WHO Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP), and UNICEF Progress for Children September 2006
			Halve by 2015 the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation	% population using improved sanitation facilities	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	INSUFFICIENT DATA TO ASSESS PROGRESS

* AARC = average annual rate of change

** In some countries the net attendance ratio in primary school is used instead.

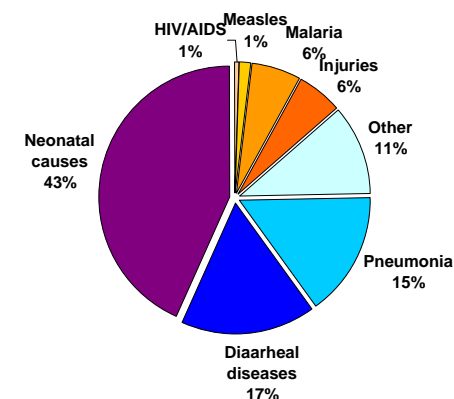
BAHRAIN

OTHER KEY INDICATORS OF CHILD WELL-BEING

AREA	SUB-AREA	KEY INDICATOR	YEAR & SOURCE	BAHRAIN ESTIMATE	MENA AVERAGE
NUTRITION	VITAMIN A SUPPLEMENTATION	Vitamin A supplementation coverage rate (6-59 months)	NA	NA	NA
	EXCLUSIVE BREASTFEEDING	% infants who are exclusively breastfed (first 6 months of life)	Gulf Family Health Survey 1995	34	30
	IODIZED SALT CONSUMPTION	% households consuming adequately iodized salt (15 parts per million or more)	NA	NA	65
	LOW BIRTH WEIGHT	% infants with low birth weight	Health Statistics 1999, MoH	8	15
HEALTH	PNEUMONIA	% under fives with pneumonia taken to an appropriate health care provider	NA	NA	66
	DIARRHEA	% under fives with diarrhea receiving ORT and continued feeding	NA	NA	39
	MALARIA	% under fives with fever receiving antimalarial drugs	NA	NA	NA
		% under fives sleeping under an ITN	NA	NA	NA
HIV/AIDS	PREVALENCE	Estimated adult HIV prevalence rate (15-49 years)	NA	NA	0.2
	PMTCT	% HIV-positive pregnant women receiving ARVs to prevent infant HIV infection	NA	NA	NA
	KNOWLEDGE	% of young people who have comprehensive knowledge of HIV	NA	NA	NA
	CONDOM USE	% of young people who used a condom at last high-risk sex	NA	NA	NA
IMMUNIZATION	MEASLES	% one year old children immunized against measles	WHO & UNICEF 2005	99	89
	DPT3	% one year old children immunized with 3 doses of DPT	WHO & UNICEF 2005	98	89
MATERNAL & NEWBORN CARE	SKILLED ATTENDANT AT DELIVERY	% births attended by skilled health personnel (doctor, nurse, midwife)	Gulf Family Health Survey 1995	98	76
	ANTENATAL CARE	% women aged 15-49 years attended at least once during pregnancy by skilled health personnel (doctor, nurse or midwife)	Gulf Family Health Survey 1995	97	70
	CONTRACEPTIVE PREVALENCE	% women in union aged 15-49 currently using contraception	Gulf Family Health Survey 1995	62	53
CHILD PROTECTION	BIRTH REGISTRATION	% children under five that were registered at the moment of survey	NA	NA	NA
	FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION	% women 15-49 years of age who have been mutilated/cut	NA	NA	NA
	CHILD LABOR	% children aged 5-14 years involved in labor activities at the moment of survey	MICS 2000 Reanalyzed by UNICEF HQ	5	10
	CHILD MARRIAGE	% women 20-24 years of age that were married or in union before they were 18 years old	NA	NA	NA

DEMOGRAPHY (2004)			
Total population	716,000	Total under five population	65,000
Under five mortality rate	11	Under five mortality rank	148
Total births	13,000	Total under five deaths	< 1000

CAUSES OF UNDER FIVE DEATHS, MENA REGION (2004)



Source: UNICEF, The State of the World's Children 2007 (forthcoming, December 2006); www.childinfo.org